

SUBMISSION STATEMENT

in respect of

Flintshire LDP

Matters Arising Changes

on behalf of



MA@29: Amendment toPolicy STR2 Settlement Hierarchy Support

Themore explicit confirmation of the tiered settlement hierarchywislcomed.

It specifically enables affordable housing exceptschemes(of any size) that are located adjoining Tier 10 Tier 5 settlements.

The fact remains though that theolicy has been presented in a vacuum of the Council not having undertakena full review of (o)-3.6393.3 (t)-5.9 (h)-0.8 (e)-6 (C)-3.6 (o)-9.6 (u)-0.8 (n)-0.7 (c)-

July 2022

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Thus, the practicalities of actually delivering a large amound development across the County will be frustrated and impeded for what could be at the very letres hext 2 years until a solution can be found.

Thereality is that permissions will not be granted and new homes will not be delivered which will place a massive amount of pressupen the delivery trajectory to the extent that almost as soon as this plan is adopted will Tw 45.972 1 Tw 45.2 ruering.3 (I)-3. Tw 11.81 s

2 July 2022

MAC115: Trigger Points

Object

It is assumed thathe trigger points for under-delivery are based upor Para 8.6 of DPM3 which states that

"Trigger points that have specific numerical outputs (e.g. housing completions / employment land take up) should be measured over two consecutive years (to be clear this means annual delivery rates not the number of AMRs submitted) allowing for trendsvelope and become clearly identifiable.

However this is not clearnd should be made more explicit.

Nonethelessthis plan which has a plan period that expires in 320 is unlikely to be adopted anytime beforethe end of 2022 and as such will have just-years to deliver its housing trajectory.

Clearlyhaving the certainty of an adopted and sound LDP is a major benefit as it brings certainty and clarity to delivery of development and my clients are keen to see a plan in place because without an uptodate plan there as been are luctance of \$78 planning appeal Inspectors to give weight to emerging allocation allocations plan policies. Naturally cal decision makers have sought to resist and refuse schemes most participants who were involved in the LDPExamination that sat in March to May 2012 never envisaged the delays caused by the still unresolved Phosphates ssue to the LDP but also to decision aking

Presentlythere is a moratorium on all development (of any scale) in large swathes of Flintshire due to the Phosphats/SAC issue and it is unclear how long this will take to resolve

However, what is clear ishat this hascompounded slippage in delivery and could still have dramatic and fatal consequenceshus, the suggestion that a distant typear trigger is sensible to apply becomes a little academic since there is every chance thedenixery of this emerging plan will be so great that far more drastic action is needed and a plan review is not going to be the panacea.

The Council has failed to produce a list of reserve, stitles if provision was made could go some way to enhancing accelerating delivering a period which is already going to be challenging without the Phosphates issue having to be addressed.

We would recommend that provision is made to not only delete the triggers aligned to the consecutive year advised b PM3 because the plan period will be nearing expiry by the time this timescale comes around, but to also instigate and introduce a mechanism to enable Reserve Sites to come forward from day one in order to arrest wheters to be the almost certain underdelivery of the plan before it's even been adopted.

The problem is that the table in Appendix 3a identifies the timing and phasing of housing allocations with a base date of April 20210 is already 2 years out of date and its referencing sites that should be delivering dwellings right now (2022) yet none of these have planning permission anotherny will be subject of the Phosphates moratorium.

We would suggest that is table and the pursuartables in Appendix 3b and 3c need to be updated.

IMAO1.5/ IMAC01.12 : STR3B/Varren Hall Object

We do not consider that any evidenthes site will deliver the employment it is purported deliver has been presented to the Examination there is no proof that B1 office or light industrial will work hereother than anecdotal supposition.

It involves massive BMV logshich is contrary to policy)

Moreover, how is any local decisional supposed to differentiate between low-qual and highquality B2 – where is the definition or benchmark being set?

In addition, no propeassessment of height has been undertaken; the height to ridge afpex o many B2 industrialunits regularly seek in excess of 12 metres which suggisatisthe site would not compare or compete all well withalternative locations (on Deeside)here such restrictions do not apply so whilst the height restriction of 12 metres (to reflect the Hawarden/Broughton Aerodrome safeguarding meas)uies being applied the fact is that few industrial operators occupiers (be they low or high quality users) will be keen to locate on a sitewhere potential units are having to be less than what they need.

The site has not been marketed to demonstrate there is a need and the reliancee for the allocation is based solely pon a historical desire by the Welsh Government / Council to establish the area as an inward investment node. This market has now gone and about this from the former head of planning.

Additionally, no site-specific viability evidence has been produced anith our opinion the proposed allocation is entirely unsound.

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5 July 2022